Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports June 30, 2023



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1535 W. Harvard Avenue, Suite 101 · Gilbert, Arizona 85233 Tel: (480) 635-3200 · Fax: (480) 635-3201

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Executive Board Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization Bisbee, Arizona

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise SEAGO's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of SEAGO, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of SEAGO, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about SEAGO's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SEAGO's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about SEAGO's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of SEAGO's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability - Cost-Sharing Plans and the Schedule of SEAGO's Pension/OPEB Contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise SEAGO's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2023, on our consideration of SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 29, 2023

Colby + Powell

SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,873,528
Due from other governments	970,785
Other receivables	4,255
Net other postemployment benefits asset	41,746
Capital assets, not being depreciated	25,825
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	378,199
Total assets	3,294,338
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	
and other postemployment benefits	261,172
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	547,840
Accrued expenses	27,212
Compensated absences payable	53,299
Noncurrent liability	
Net pension liability	1,192,203
Total liabilities	1,820,554
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	
and other postempoyment benefits	58,231
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	404,024
Restricted for:	
Area Agency on Aging	170,496
Housing	548,225
Transportation	23,056
CDBG	492,665
Economic and Enviornmental Planning	26,220
Unrestricted	12,039
Total net position	\$ 1,676,725

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

						Program Revenu	es		Re Cha	t (Expense) evenue and enges in Net Position
			Indirect Expenses	(Charges for	Operating Grants and		Capital rants and		
Functions / Programs	Expenses		Allocation		Services	Contributions	Contributions			Total
Primary government:										
Governmental activities										
Aging programs	\$ 3,999,046	\$	120,983	\$	1,000	\$ 4,097,981	\$	19,484	\$	(1,564)
Economic and environmental planning	377,372		22,888		10,000	338,003		-		(52,257)
Transportation	502,563		47,235		19,905	528,931		-		(962)
Community development	175,297		13,989		236,317	6,555		-		53,586
Management and general	263,866		(205,095)		-		_	-		(58,771)
Total governmental activities	5,318,144	_	-		267,222	4,971,470	_	19,484		(59,968)
	General revenues	:								
	Assessment inco	ome								80,659
	Other income									6,658
	Interest income									46,824
	Loss on investm									(3,075)
	Total general Change in net									131,066 71,098
	Net position, be	-								1,605,627
	Net position, en	_							\$	1,676,725

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	G	eneral Fund	ea Agency on Aging	Housing	Tra	nsportation	CDBG	Env	nomic and ironmental lanning	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	855,892	\$ -	\$ 548,225	\$	-	\$ 469,411		-	\$	1,873,528
Due from other governments		-	744,528	-		155,061	25,555		45,641		970,785
Due from other funds		194,531	-	-		-	-		-		194,531
Other receivables		4,085	 -	 		170	-				4,255
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,054,508	\$ 744,528	\$ 548,225	\$	155,231	\$ 494,966	\$	45,641	\$	3,043,099
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	776	\$ 539,630	\$ -	\$	6,624	\$ -	\$	810	\$	547,840
Accrued expenses		4,688	10,785	-		7,685	2,301		1,753		27,212
Due to other funds		-	23,617	 -		154,056	 		16,858		194,531
Total liabilities		5,464	574,032			168,365	2,301		19,421		769,583
Fund balances											
Nonspendable		194,531	-	-		-	-		-		194,531
Restricted		-	170,496	548,225		23,056	492,665		26,220		1,260,662
Unassigned		854,513	 	 -		(36,190)	 				818,323
Total fund balances		1,049,044	170,496	548,225		(13,134)	492,665		26,220		2,273,516
TOTAL LIABILITIES											
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,054,508	\$ 744,528	\$ 548,225	\$	155,231	\$ 494,966	\$	45,641	\$	3,043,099

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 2,273,516
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
,	
Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities	
are not financial resources and therefore, are	
not reported in the funds.	404,024
not reported in the rands.	101,021
Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits	
are not available for operations and therefore,	
are not reported in the funds.	41,746
1	,
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities	
and compensated absences are not due and	
payable in the current period and, therefore,	
are not reported as a liability in the funds.	(1,245,502)
	(-) ;)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources	
related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future	
reporting periods and, therefore, are not	
reported in the funds.	202,941
reported in the runds.	202,511
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,676,725

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Gen	neral Fund_	rea Agency on Aging	I	Housing	Trai	nsportation	Dev	ommunity velopment ock Grant	Env	nomic and ironmental lanning	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues													
Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$ 4,115,870	\$	-	\$	528,931	\$	6,555	\$	338,003	\$	4,989,359
Indirect charges		207,680	-		-		-		-		-		207,680
Fee for services		-	1,000		-		19,905		236,317		10,000		267,222
Local government assessments		80,659	-		-		-		-		-		80,659
Other		6,658	1,595		-		=		=		-		8,253
Interest		46,824	-		-		-		-		-		46,824
Loss on investment		(3,075)	-		-		-		-		-		(3,075)
Total revenues		338,746	4,118,465		-		548,836		242,872		348,003		5,596,922
Expenditures Current													
Aging programs		_	4,077,466		_		_		_		_		4,077,466
Economic and environmental planning		_	-		_		_		_		387,622		387,622
Management and general		236,826	_		_		_		_		-		236,826
Transportation		-	_		_		542,505		_		_		542,505
Community development		_	_		_		-		181,993		_		181,993
Capital outlay		_	19,484		_		_		-		_		19,484
Total expenditures		236,826	 4,096,950		-		542,505		181,993		387,622		5,445,896
•													
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		101,920	21,515		-		6,331		60,879		(39,619)		151,026
•													
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in											34,756		34,756
Transfer in Transfer out		(25,754)	- (6 452)		-		(1,275)		(1.275)		34,730		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(25,754) $(25,754)$	 (6,452) (6,452)				(1,275) $(1,275)$		(1,275)		34,756		(34,756)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(23,734)	 (0,432)				(1,2/3)		(1,2/3)		34,/30		
Net change in fund balances		76,166	15,063		-		5,056		59,604		(4,863)		151,026
Fund balances, Beginning		972,878	 155,433		548,225		(18,190)		433,061		31,083		2,122,490
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,049,044	\$ 170,496	\$	548,225	\$	(13,134)	\$	492,665	\$	26,220	\$	2,273,516

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 151,026
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of	
those assets is allocated over their estimated useful	
lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Current year capital acquisitions 19,484	
Current year depreciation expense (19,166)	
	318
Pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures	
in the governmental funds when made. However,	
they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in	
the Statement of Net Position because the reported net	
pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the	
report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in	
the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred	
outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/	
OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.	
SEAGO pension/OPEB contributions 112,612	
Pension expense (189,627)	
	(77,015)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities	
do not require the use of current financial resources	
and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in	
governmental funds.	
Increase in compensated absences payable	(3,231)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 71,098

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of SEAGO's more significant accounting policies follows.

A. Reporting Entity

SEAGO is a governmental entity which represents the local governmental units in Cochise, Graham, Greenlee and Santa Cruz Counties, Arizona. SEAGO aids local governments in planning and administering federal and state grants. In addition, the SEAGO assumes direct responsibility for the delivery of certain grant services.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on SEAGO as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements provide information about the primary government. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenue.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenue include:

- Charges to customers or applicants for goods or services
- Operating grants and contributions

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Fund financial statements provide information about SEAGO's funds. The emphases of fund financial statements are on major governmental funds and are displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

SEAGO reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is SEAGO's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Area Agency on Aging Fund accounts for area agency on aging pass-through funding for senior related programs within the region.

The **Housing Fund** provides mortgage counseling to purchase or refinance homes for families within the region.

The Transportation Fund provides transportation planning, grant application assistance and other services for communities within the region.

The Community Development Block Grant Fund provides technical assistance, planning, administration, and other services for communities within the region.

The **Economic and Environmental Planning Fund** provides economic and environmental planning and other services for communities within the region.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when measurable and available. SEAGO considers all revenue reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenue is collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

D. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the government-wide and fund statements, "Cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less.

E. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation	Estimated
			Method	Useful Life
Land	\$	5,000	Not depreciated	N/A
Buildings		5,000	Straight-line	15-40 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	Straight-line	3-10 years
Leasehold improvements		5,000	Straight-line	15-40 years

F. Compensated absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave.

Employees may earn vacation hours depending on years of service. Any vacation hours in excess of 240 hours unused at year-end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, up to 160 hours of vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave hours. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

G. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

H. Budgetary Comparison

SEAGO is not legally required to adopt a budget for the general or major funds, and therefore budgetary comparison information is not included in this report.

I. Indirect Expenses

Expenses that cannot be specifically associated with a single program are allocated to the funds based upon an estimated percentage of use of the resource by each fund.

J. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Fund Balance Reporting

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 requires fund balances to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- 1. *Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),
- 2. Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution provisions or enabling legislation, or external resource providers,
- 3. *Committed* fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of SEAGO's Executive Board,
- 4. Assigned fund balances are intended to be used by SEAGO for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

L. Fund Balance Reporting - Continued

5. *Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for SEAGO's governmental funds and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications.

SEAGO's policy for committed fund balances is through formal organizational resolutions passed through the executive board. The process of rescinding a committed fund balance requires the same process.

SEAGO's policy for assigned fund balances is through motions passed by the executive board. Assigned fund balances do not require a formal resolution.

When expenditures incur for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, SEAGO's policy is to apply the expenditure first to restricted, and then to unrestricted in the following order of committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize SEAGO to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, SEAGO may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

SEAGO has not formally adopted deposit and investment policies that limit the Organization's allowable deposits or investments and address the specific types of risk to which SEAGO is exposed.

Deposits – At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of SEAGO's total cash in bank was \$148,531 and the bank balance was \$205,480. Of the bank balance all was covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments – At June 30, 2023, the investments consisted of the following.

	Credit	Reported	Fair
Investment	Rating	Amount	Value
Arizona LGIP Pool 700	Unrated	\$ 1,725,221	\$1,725,221

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governments consist of reimbursable grants and contracts entered into with federal, state and local governments. Following is a list due from each type of government at June 30, 2023:

Federal	\$ 34,947
State	916,838
Local	19,000
Total	\$ 970,785

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2023
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 25,825	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,825
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	164,876	-	-	164,876
Building	479,338	19,484		498,822
Total	644,214	19,484		663,698
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	(154,005)	(1,286)	-	(155,291)
Building	(112,328)	(17,880)	-	(130,208)
Total	(266,333)	(19,166)		(285,499)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	377,881	318	_	378,199
Governmental activities				,
capital assets, net	\$ 403,706	\$ 318	\$ -	\$ 404,024

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Aging programs	\$ 6,452
Economic and environmental planning	601
Transportation	1,275
Community Developmental Block Grant	1,275
Management and general	9,563
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 19,166

June 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation – Employees may earn annual vacation time based upon the number of years of employment. An employee is entitled to receive compensation for up to 160 hours of unused/unpaid vacation time upon termination of employment. A summary of changes in the liability for compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2023, follows:

Balance at July 1, 2022	\$ 50,068
Additions to compensated absences	41,726
Reductions to compensated absences	 (38,495)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 53,299

NOTE 6 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

Pension – Employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System. A summary of changes in the liability for the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2023, follows:

Balance at July 1, 2022	\$	921,233
Increases to pension liability		270,970
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 1	1,192,203

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Payable to	
	General	
Payable from		Fund
Transportation	\$	154,056
Area Agency on Aging		23,617
Economic and Environmental Planning		16,858
	\$	194,531

Interfund receivables and payable above were necessary in order to fund the ongoing activities of the grant programs in current and prior periods.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - Continued

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Tr	ansfer to	
	Ecor	nomic and	
Transfer from	Enviornmental Pla		
General Fund	\$ 2		
Transportation		1,275	
CDBG		1,275	
Area Agency on Aging		6,452	
	\$	34,756	

NOTE 8 – CONTINGENT LIABILITY

SEAGO participates, as both a pass-through and a sub grantee, in several programs administered by federal and state agencies. Programs included in these financial statements may be subject to program compliance and/or financial monitoring by the granting agencies or representatives. Accordingly, the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

SEAGO is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, civil rights violations, and other natural disasters. SEAGO carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 – CONCENTRATIONS

Although SEAGO administers multiple government grant programs, SEAGO depends on two grants for approximately 83% of its grant revenue and 74% of total revenue included in these financial statements. These revenue sources are from the Aging and Adult Administration grant with the Arizona Department of Economic Security and Transportation grant with the Arizona Department of Transportation. Decreases in funding or discontinuance of these programs in future years may have a significant effect upon the operations of SEAGO.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SEAGO contributes to the pension plan described below. The plan is a component unit of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2023, SEAGO reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for the plan to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	Governmental Activities			
Net OPEB assets	\$	41,746		
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		1,192,203		
Deferred outflows of resources				
related to pension and OPEB		261,172		
Deferred inflows of resources				
related to pension and OPEB		58,231		
Pension and OPEB expense		189,627		

SEAGO reported \$112,612 of pension and OPEB expenditures in the governmental funds related to the pension plan to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – All eligible SEAGO employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:					
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011				
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55				
required to receive benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60				
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62				
	Any years age 65	5 years age 50*				
		Any years age 65				
	Highest 36 months of last 120	Highest 60 months of last 120				
Final average salary is based on	months	months				
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%				

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Contributions - In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2023, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (12.03 percent for retirement and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required SEAGO to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (11.92 percent for retirement, 0.11 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll.

In addition, SEAGO was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.68 percent (9.62 percent for retirement, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for SEAGO in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. SEAGO's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$110,298, \$1,018 and \$1,296, respectively.

During fiscal year 2023, SEAGO paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 9.68 percent from the General Fund, 38.34 percent from the Area Agency on Aging Fund, 30.30 percent from the Transportation Fund, 10.72 percent from the CDBG Fund, and 8.46 percent from the Economic Environmental Planning Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2023, SEAGO reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

	Net Pension/OPE	
	(Ass	et) Liability
Pension	\$	1,191,522
Health insurance premium benefit		(41,746)
Long-term disability		681

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

SEAGO's proportion of the net assets or net liability was based on SEAGO's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

SEAGO's proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2021 were:

	Proportion	Increase (decrease)
	June 30, 2022	from June 30, 2021
Pension	0.00730%	0.00030%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.00748%	0.00030%
Long-term disability	0.00737%	0.00028%

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2023, SEAGO recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB	
	I	Expense
Pension	\$	195,582
Health insurance premium benefit		(6,285)
Long-term disability		330

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—At June 30, 2023, SEAGO reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

Health Insurance Premium

	.					Health Insurance Premium			
	Pension				Benefit				
	L	eferred	Deferred		De	ferred	Deferred		
	Οι	Outflows of Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of			
	R	esources	Re	esources	Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and									
actual experience	\$	10,152	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,305	
Changes of assumptions		59,138		-		678		1,139	
Difference between projected and									
actual investment earnings		-		31,386		-		1,406	
Changes in proportion and									
differences between SEAGO									
contributions and proportionate									
share of contributions		77,252		=		6		627	
SEAGO contributions subsequent									
to the measurement date		110,298		_		1,018		-	
	Ф	256.040	ф	21.207	Ф	1.700	Ф	24.477	
Total	\$	256,840	\$	31,386	\$	1,702	\$	24,477	

	Long-Term Disability					
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 354				\$	634
Changes of assumptions Difference between projected and		371		1,661		
actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between SEAGO		-		21		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions SEAGO contributions subsequent		609		52		
to the measurement date		1,296				
Total	\$	2,630	\$	2,368		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting SEAGO contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

			Healt	h Insurance		Long-Term
Year ended June 30,	1	Pension		Premium Benefit		Disability
2024	\$	119,408	\$	(6,535)	\$	(48)
2025		6		(7,096)		(86)
2026		(54,493)		(7,766)		(246)
2027		50,235		(1,249)		35
2028		-		(1,147)		(257)
Thereafter		-		-		(432)

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

ASRS

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	2.9 - 8.4% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit
Recovery rates	2012 GLDT for long-term disability
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.00 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Geometric Real
Equity	50%	3.90%
Fixed income - credit	20%	5.30%
Fixed income - interest rate sensitive	10%	-0.20%
Real estate	20%	6.00%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2022, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of SEAGO's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents SEAGO's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what SEAGO's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount										
-		% Decrease (6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)					
SEAGO's Proportionate share of the	•	4 === 0 ===				- 40.400					
Net pension liability Net insurance premium benefit liability	\$	1,758,055	\$	1,191,522	\$	719,122					
(asset)		(30,017)		(41,746)		(51,697)					
Net long-term disability liability		1,128		681		247					

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of SEAGO's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2023

ASRS-Pension

ASKS-1 CHSION	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)									
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 (2013)
SEAGO's proportion of the net pension liability SEAGO's proportionate share of the net pension liability SEAGO's covered payroll SEAGO's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.007300% \$ 1,191,522 \$ 931,297 127.94% 78.58%	0.007000% \$ 919,769 \$ 786,908 116.88% 78.58%	0.006020% \$ 1,043,057 \$ 657,511 158.64% 69.33%	0.006170% \$ 897,807 \$ 650,295 138.06% 73.24%	0.006060% \$ 845,157 \$ 602,514 140.27% 73.40%	0.005800% \$ 903,527 \$ 566,197 159.58% 69.92%	0.005970% \$ 963,618 \$ 558,959 172.40% 67.06%	0.005760% \$ 896,852 \$ 530,321 169.11% 68.35%	0.005336% \$ 789,615 \$ 481,047 164.15% 69.49%	Information not available
ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit				porting Fiscal Yo leasurement Dat						
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 through 2014			
SEAGO's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) SEAGO's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) SEAGO's covered payroll SEAGO's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.007480% \$ (41,746) \$ 931,297 -4.48% 130.24%	0.007180% \$ (34,982) \$ 786,908 -4.45% 130.24%	0.006160% \$ (4,361) \$ 657,511 -0.66% 104.33%	0.006320% \$ (1,747) \$ 650,295 -0.27% 101.62%	0.006180% \$ (2,225) \$ 602,514 -0.37% 102.20%	0.005890% \$ (3,207) \$ 566,197 -0.57% 103.57%	Information not available			

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of SEAGO's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2023

ASRS-Long-Term Disability

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

		2023 (2022)		2022 (2021)	_	2021 (2020)		2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)	2017 through 2014
SEAGO's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	(0.007370%	(0.007090%	(0.006100%	(0.006260%	(0.006080%	(0.005830%	Information
SEAGO's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	681	\$	1,464	\$	4,628	\$	4,078	\$	3,177	\$	2,113	not available
SEAGO's covered payroll	\$	931,297	\$	786,908	\$	657,511	\$	650,295	\$	602,514	\$	566,197	
SEAGO's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a		0.07%		0.19%		0.70%		0.63%		0.53%		0.37%	
percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		90.38%		90.38%		68.01%		72.85%		77.83%		84.44%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of SEAGO Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

ASRS-Pension

SEAGO's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

0.11%

0.21%

ASSAS I CHISTON	-				Reporting	Fiscal Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution SEAGO's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 110,298 (110,298)	\$ 104,354 (104,354)	\$ 91,675 (91,675)	\$ 75,285 (75,285)	\$ 72,703 (72,703)	\$ 65,674	\$ 61,036 (61,036)	\$ 60,647	\$ 57,752 (57,752)	\$ 51,472 (51,472)
SEAGO's contribution deficiency (excess) SEAGO's covered payroll	\$ 931,297	\$ 868,896	\$ 786,908	\$ 657,511	\$ 650,295	\$ 602,514	\$ 566,197	\$ 558,959	\$ 530,321	\$ 481,047
SEAGO's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.84%	12.01%	11.65%	11.45%	11.18%	-	10.78%	10.85%	10.89%	10.70%
ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit				Reporting l	Fiscal Year					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 through 2014		
Statutorily required contribution SEAGO's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$ 1,018	\$ 1,825	\$ 3,069	\$ 3,222	\$ 2,991	\$ 2,651	\$ 3,171	Information not available		
required contribution SEAGO's contribution deficiency (excess) SEAGO's covered payroll	\$ - \$ 931,297	\$ - \$ 868,896	\$ - \$ 786,908	\$ - \$ 657,511	\$ - \$ 650,295	\$ - \$ 602,514	\$ - \$ 566,197			

0.39%

0.49%

0.46%

0.44%

0.56%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of SEAGO Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

ASRS-Long-Term Disability

,	Reporting Fiscal Year													
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017	2016 through 2014
Statutorily required contribution SEAGO's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	1,296	\$	1,651	\$	1,416	\$	1,118	\$	1,041	\$	964	\$ 793	Information not available
required contribution		(1,296)		(1,651)		(1,416)		(1,118)		(1,041)		(964)	 (793)	
SEAGO's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
SEAGO's covered payroll SEAGO's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	931,297	\$	868,896	\$	786,908	\$	657,511	\$	650,295	\$	602,514	\$ 566,197	
		0.14%		0.19%		0.18%		0.17%		0.16%		0.16%	0.14%	



1535 W. Harvard Avenue, Suite 101 · Gilbert, Arizona 85233 Tel: (480) 635-3200 · Fax: (480) 635-3201

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Executive Board Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise SEAGO's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SEAGO's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of SEAGO's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the SEAGO's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standard*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 29, 2023

Colby + Powell

1535 W. Harvard Avenue, Suite 101 · Gilbert, Arizona 85233 Tel: (480) 635-3200 · Fax: (480) 635-3201

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Executive Board Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization Bisbee, Arizona

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the South Eastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the SEAGO's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. SEAGO's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the SEAGO complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of SEAGO and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the SEAGO's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to SEAGO's federal programs

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on SEAGO's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about SEAGO's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding SEAGO's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of SEAOG's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SEAOG's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Colby + Powell
November 29, 2023

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed through the Arizona Department of Economic Security					
Aging Cluster					
Special Programs for the AgingTitle III, Part B					
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	CTR048043	\$ 586,995	\$ 652,670	
Special Programs for the AgingTitle III, Part C					
Nutrition Services	93.045	CTR048043	488,802	579,086	
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	CTR048043	134,672	106,098	
Total Aging Cluster			1,210,469	1,337,854	
Special Programs for the Aging-Title Vii, Chapter 3, Programs					
for Prevention of Elder Abuse, Neglect, and Exploitation	93.041	CTR048043	-	2,834	
Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 2-Long					
Term Care Ombudsman Services For Older Individuals	93.042	CTR048043	-	17,671	
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D-Disease					
Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043	CTR048043	-	21,315	
Special Programs for the Aging, Title IV, and Title II,					
Discretionary Projects	93.048	CTR048043	-	90,472	
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	CTR048043	221,373	309,216	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	CTR048043	742,464	933,384	
Medicare Entollment Assistance Program	93.071	CTR048043	-	18,290	
State Health Insurance Assistance Program	93.324	CTR048043		29,895	
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	CTR048043		4,136	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,174,306	2,765,067	
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Public Transportation Research, Technical Assistance					
and Training	20.514	-	-	45,134	
Passed through the Arizona Department of Transportation					
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509	GRT-19-0007312-T	-	19,715	
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509	GRT-20-0007798-T	-	148,875	
Highway Planning and Contruction Cluster					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	GRT-19-0007501-T	-	131,173	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	GRT-20-0007798-T	-	8,308	
Transit Services Programs Cluster					
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors					
and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	GRT-20-0006624-T	-	114,234	
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors					
and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	GRT-20-0007798-T		70,066	
Total Department of Transportation				537,505	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards-*continued* Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Passed through the Arizona Department of Economic Security				
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		765,630	870,035
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			765,630	870,035
U.S. Department of Commerce				
Economic Development_Support for Planning Organizations	11.302	-	-	75,000
Economic Development_Technical assistance	11.303	-	-	141,809
Economic Development Cluster				
Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	-		100,000
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				316,809
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed through the Arizona Department of Housing				
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and				
Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	138-23		6,555
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urgan Development				6,555
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Passed through the Arizona Department of Enviornmental Quality				
Water Quality Management Planning	66.454	GSC-2015-00006	_	967
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				967
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 2,939,936	\$ 4,496,938

SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of SEAGO under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of SEAGO, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position of SEAGO.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual/accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. SEAGO has not elected to use the 10% *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMNETS ORGANIZATION **Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs - Continued** June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? Yes X No Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No **Federal Awards** Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? Yes X No Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance Yes X No with CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major federal programs: **CFDA** Number Name of Federal Program **Aging Cluster** Special Programs for the Aging--Title III, Part B--Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 Special Programs for the Aging--Title III, Part C--93.045 **Nutrition Services** 93.053 **Nutrition Services Incentive** 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes X No **Financial Statement Findings**

None noted.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.

SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMNETS ORGANIZATION Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2023

The status of audit findings from the prior year is as follows:

SEAGO had no Single Audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.